

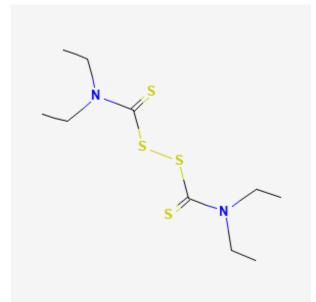
U.S. National Library of Medicine National Center for Biotechnology Information **NLM Citation:** Drugs and Lactation Database (LactMed®) [Internet]. Bethesda (MD): National Institute of Child Health and Human Development; 2006-. Disulfiram. [Updated 2022 Sep 19]. **Bookshelf URL:** https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/



Disulfiram

Revised: September 19, 2022.

CASRN: 97-77-8



Drug Levels and Effects

Summary of Use during Lactation

Because no information is available on the use of disulfiram during breastfeeding, an alternate drug is preferred, especially while nursing a newborn or preterm infant. Drug labeling recommends that disulfiram not be given to nursing mothers.

Drug Levels

Maternal Levels. Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Infant Levels. Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Disclaimer: Information presented in this database is not meant as a substitute for professional judgment. You should consult your healthcare provider for breastfeeding advice related to your particular situation. The U.S. government does not warrant or assume any liability or responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information on this Site.

Attribution Statement: LactMed is a registered trademark of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Effects in Breastfed Infants

Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Effects on Lactation and Breastmilk

Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Alternate Drugs to Consider

Naltrexone

Substance Identification

Substance Name

Disulfiram

CAS Registry Number

97-77-8

Drug Class

Breast Feeding Lactation Milk, Human Alcohol Deterrents Acetaldehyde Dehydrogenase Inhibitors