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Ansuvimab

Revised: November 15, 2023.

CASRN: 2375952-29-5

Drug Levels and Effects

Summary of Use during Lactation

The US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention recommend that patients with confirmed *Zaire ebolavirus* not breastfeed their infants to reduce the risk of postnatal transmission of *Zaire ebolavirus* infection.

No information is available on the use of ansuvimab during breastfeeding. Because ansuvimab is a large protein molecule with a molecular weight of about 147,000 Da, the amount in milk is likely to be very low.[1] It is also likely to be partially destroyed in the infant's gastrointestinal tract and absorption by the infant is probably minimal.[2] Waiting for at least 2 weeks postpartum to resume therapy may minimize transfer to the infant.[3] Until more data become available, ansuvimab should be used with caution during breastfeeding, especially while nursing a newborn or preterm infant.

Drug Levels

Maternal Levels. Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Infant Levels. Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Effects in Breastfed Infants

Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Effects on Lactation and Breastmilk

Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

References

1. Stratigakis A, Paty D, Zou P, et al. A regression approach for assessing large molecular drug concentration in breast milk. Reprod Breed 2023;3:199-207. doi:10.1016/j.repbre.2023.10.003

Disclaimer: Information presented in this database is not meant as a substitute for professional judgment. You should consult your healthcare provider for breastfeeding advice related to your particular situation. The U.S. government does not warrant or assume any liability or responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information on this Site.

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- 2. Anderson PO. Monoclonal antibodies during breastfeeding. Breastfeed Med 2021;16:591-3. PubMed PMID: 33956488.
- 3. Krysko KM, Dobson R, Alroughani R, et al. Family planning considerations in people with multiple sclerosis. Lancet Neurol 2023;22:350-66. PubMed PMID: 36931808.

Substance Identification

Substance Name

Ansuvimab

CAS Registry Number

2375952-29-5

Drug Class

Breast Feeding

Lactation

Milk, Human

Antibodies, Monoclonal

Antibodies, Viral

Antiviral Agents