Table 55: Clinical evidence profile: Comparison 1.2. Oral calorie supplementation versus nutritional advice

Quality assessment					No of patients		Effect					
No of studies	Design	Risk of bias	Inconsiste ncy	Indirectne ss	Imprecisi on	Other consi derati ons	Oral calorie supplem entation	Nutrition al advice	Relative (95% CI)	Absolute	Qualit y	Importan ce
Change in w	veight (kg) (F	Follow-up: 3	months; Bett	er indicated	by higher v	alues)						
1 (Kalnins 2005)	randomis ed trials	very serious ¹	no serious inconsiste ncy	no serious indirectne ss	very serious ²	none	7	6	-	MD 0.69 lower (3.3 lower to 1.92 higher)	VERY LOW	CRITICA L
Change in w	eight for he	ight (%) (Foll	low-up: 3 mo	nths; Better	indicated b	y higher	values)					
1 (Kalnins 2005)	randomis ed trials	very serious ¹	no serious inconsiste ncy	no serious indirectne ss	very serious ²	none	7	12	-	MD 0.96 lower (5.23 lower to 3.31 higher)	VERY LOW	CRITICA L
Change in w	eight z scor	re (Follow-up	: 3 months; E	Better indicat	ed by high	er value	s)					
1 (Kalnins 2005)	randomis ed trials	very serious ¹	no serious inconsiste ncy	no serious indirectne ss	very serious ²	none	7	6	-	MD 0 higher (0.59 lower to 0.59 higher)	VERY LOW	CRITICA L
Change in w	reight z scor	re (Follow-up	: 6 months: F	Better indicat	ed by high	er value	s)					
1 (Kalnins 2005)	randomis ed trials	very serious ¹	no serious inconsiste ncy	no serious indirectne ss	very serious ²	none	7	6	-	MD 0.3 lower (0.98 lower to	VERY LOW	CRITICA L

Quality asse	ssment						No of pat	ients	Effect			
No of studies	Design	Risk of bias	Inconsiste ncy	Indirectne ss	Imprecisi on	Other consi derati ons	Oral calorie supplem entation	Nutrition al advice	Relative (95% CI)	Absolute	Qualit y	Importan ce
										0.38 higher)		
Change in %	ideal body	weight (Follo	ow-up: 3 mon	ths; Better i	ndicated by	higher	values)					
1 (Kalnins 2005)	randomis ed trials	very serious ¹	no serious inconsiste ncy	no serious indirectne ss	very serious ²	none	7	6	-	MD 2 lower (10.59 lower to 6.59 higher)	VERY LOW	CRITICA L
Change in %	ideal body	weight (Follo	w-up: 6 mon	ths; Better in	ndicated by	higher	values)					
1 (Kalnins 2005)	randomis ed trials	very serious ¹	no serious inconsiste ncy	no serious indirectne ss	very serious ²	none	7	6	-	MD 3 lower (11.59 lower to 5.59 higher)	VERY LOW	CRITICA L
Change in he	eight (cm) (Follow-up: 3	months; Bett	er indicated	by higher v	ralues)						
1 (Kalnins 2005)	randomis ed trials	very serious ¹	no serious inconsiste ncy	no serious indirectne ss	very serious ²	none	7	6	-	MD 0.38 lower (3.05 lower to 2.29 higher)	VERY LOW	CRITICA L
Change in he	eight z scor	e (Follow-up:	3 months; B	etter indicat	ed by highe	er values	5)					
1 (Kalnins 2005)	randomis ed trials	very serious ¹	no serious inconsiste ncy	no serious indirectne ss	very serious ²	none	7	6	-	MD 0 higher (0.96	VERY LOW	CRITICA L

Nutrition al advice	Relative (95% CI)	lower to 0.96 higher) MD 0.1 lower (1.07 lower to 0.87	Qualit y VERY LOW	Importance CRITICA
6	-	0.96 higher) MD 0.1 lower (1.07 lower to		
6	-	lower (1.07 lower to		
6	-	lower (1.07 lower to		CRITICA L
		higher)		
6	-	MD 8.2 lower (23.37 lower to 6.97 higher)	VERY LOW	CRITICA L
6	-	MD 8 lower (26.96 lower to 10.96 higher)	VERY LOW	CRITICA L
	6	6 -	6.97 higher) 6 - MD 8 lower (26.96 lower to 10.96	6.97 higher) 6 - MD 8 VERY lower LOW (26.96 lower to 10.96

Quality asse	Quality assessment						No of patients		Effect			
No of studies	Design	Risk of bias	Inconsiste ncy	Indirectne ss	Imprecisi on	Other consi derati ons	Oral calorie supplem entation	Nutrition al advice	Relative (95% CI)	Absolute	Qualit y	Importan ce

No evidence available

Adverse effects

No evidence available

Patient or carer satisfaction

No evidence available

Abbreviations: confidence interval; CF: cystic fibrosis; cm: centimetres; FEV₁: forced expiratory volume in 1 second; kg: kilogrammes; MD: mean difference 1 The quality of the evidence was downgraded by 2 because of unclear risk of bias in relation to randomisation, high risk of bias in relation to allocation concealment, and inability to make judgment in relation to other bias.

² The quality of the evidence was downgraded by 2 because the 95% CI crossed 2 default MIDs

³ The quality of the evidence was downgraded by 2 because the 95% CI crossed 2 clinical MIDs